Analytical development of whale satellite tagging data to inform critical knowledge gaps off the US West Coast



State of the Problem

Data

Tagging

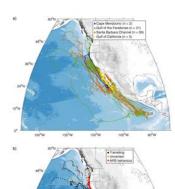
Products

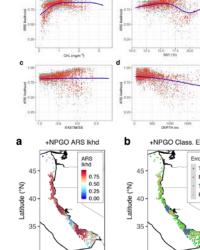
SDM

Movement syndromes

DST

Risk assessment

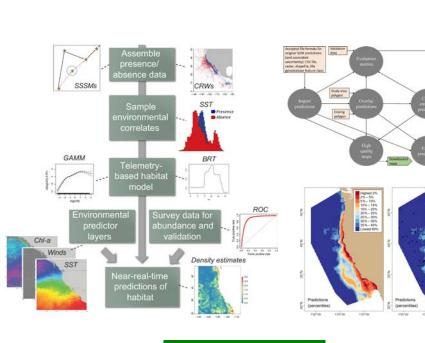




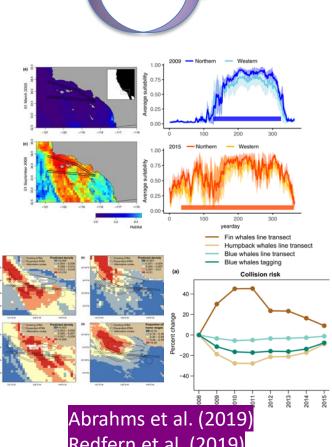
-125 -120 Longitude (°W)



Longitude (°W)

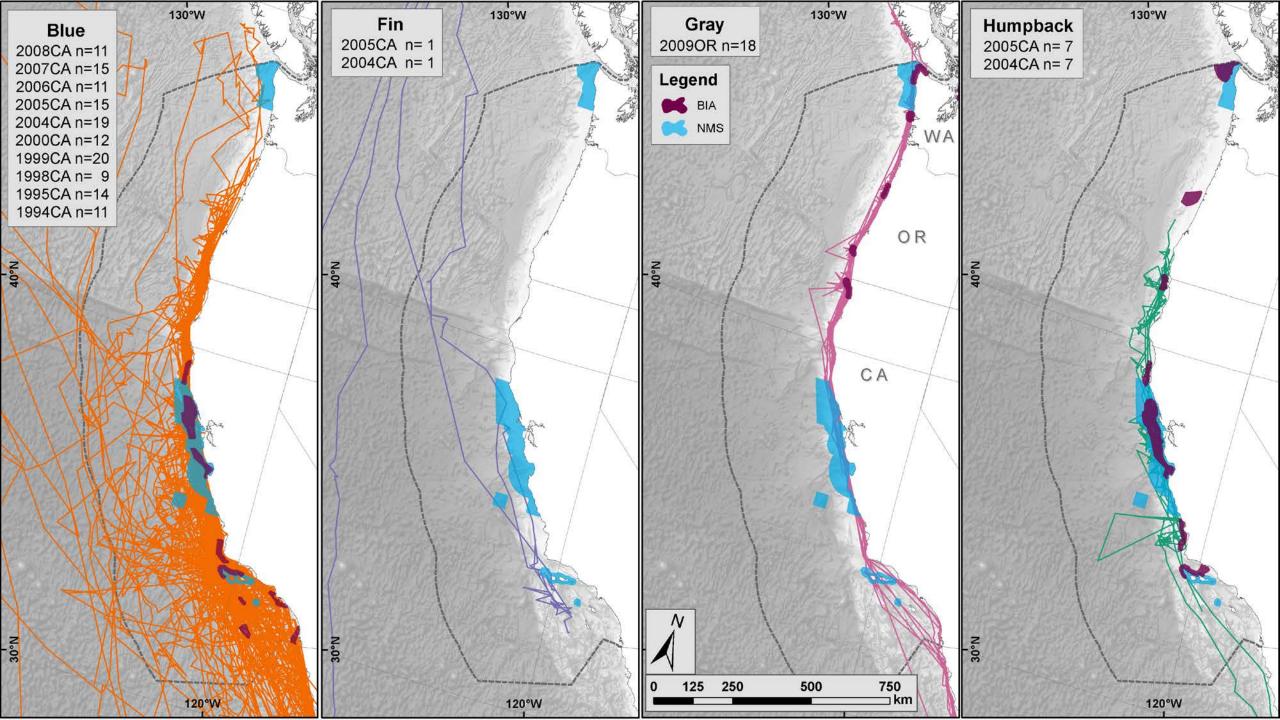


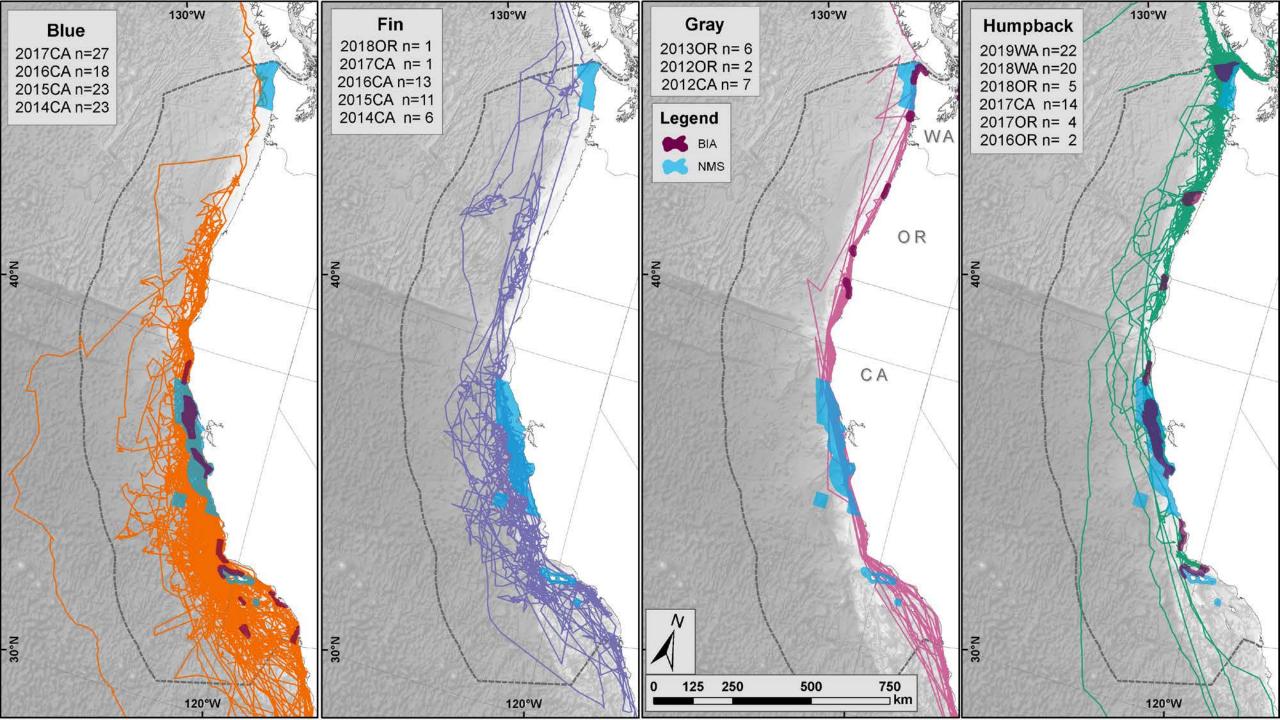
Hazen et al. (2016) Woodman et al. (2019)

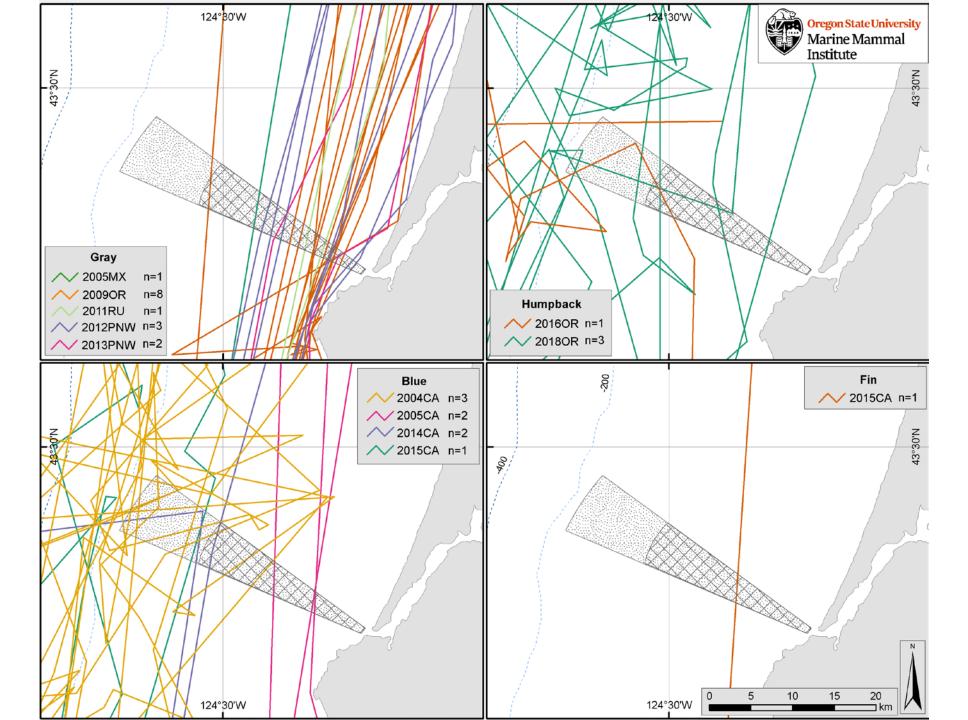


Redfern et al. (2019)

TOPP (PIs: Block, Costa, Bograd) | WhaleWatch (PI: Bailey) | WhaleWatch 2.0 (PI: Hazen)





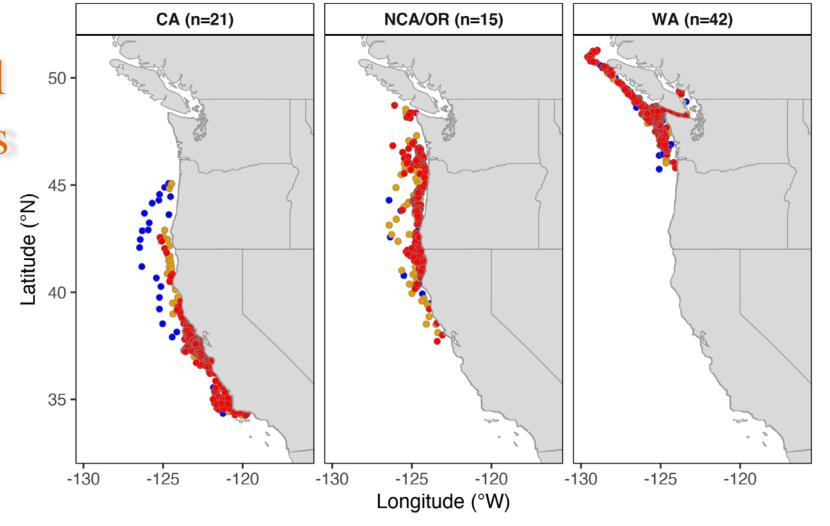


Movement behavior & ecological relationships

Total tracks: 78

Total locs: 2,696

BMODE	Percent
Transiting	3.8%
Uncertain	9.8%
ARS	86.4%

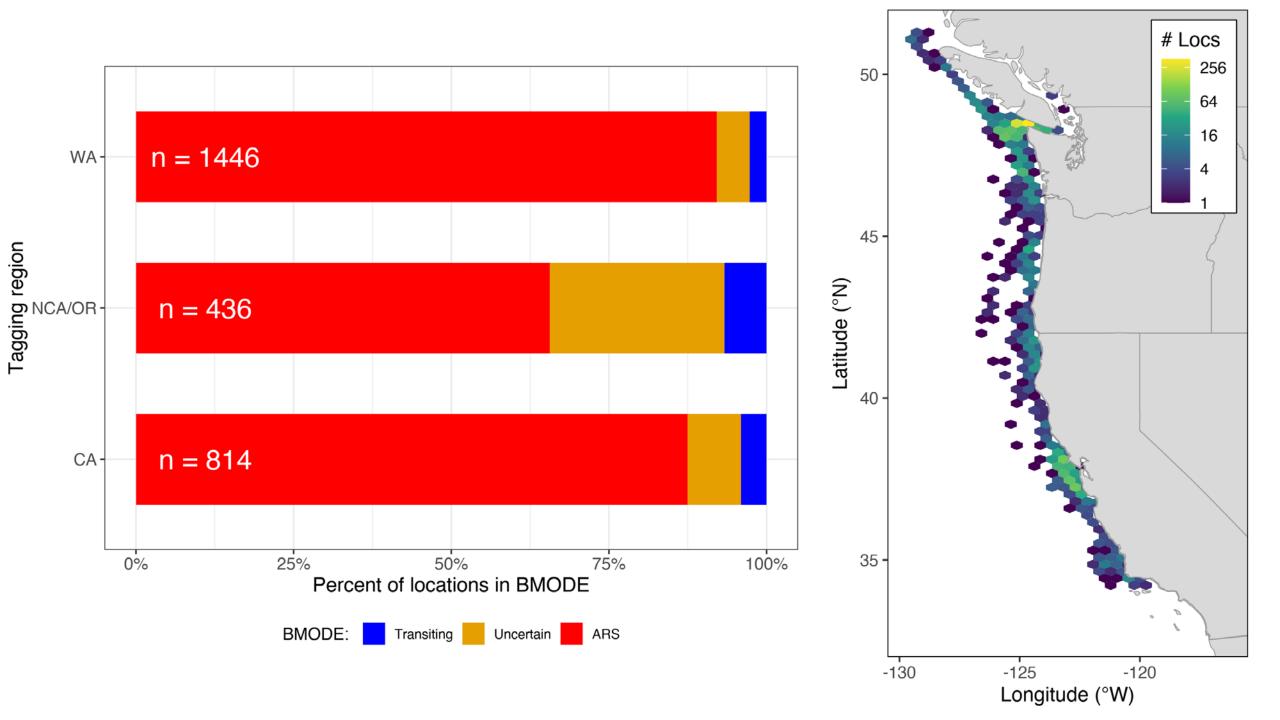


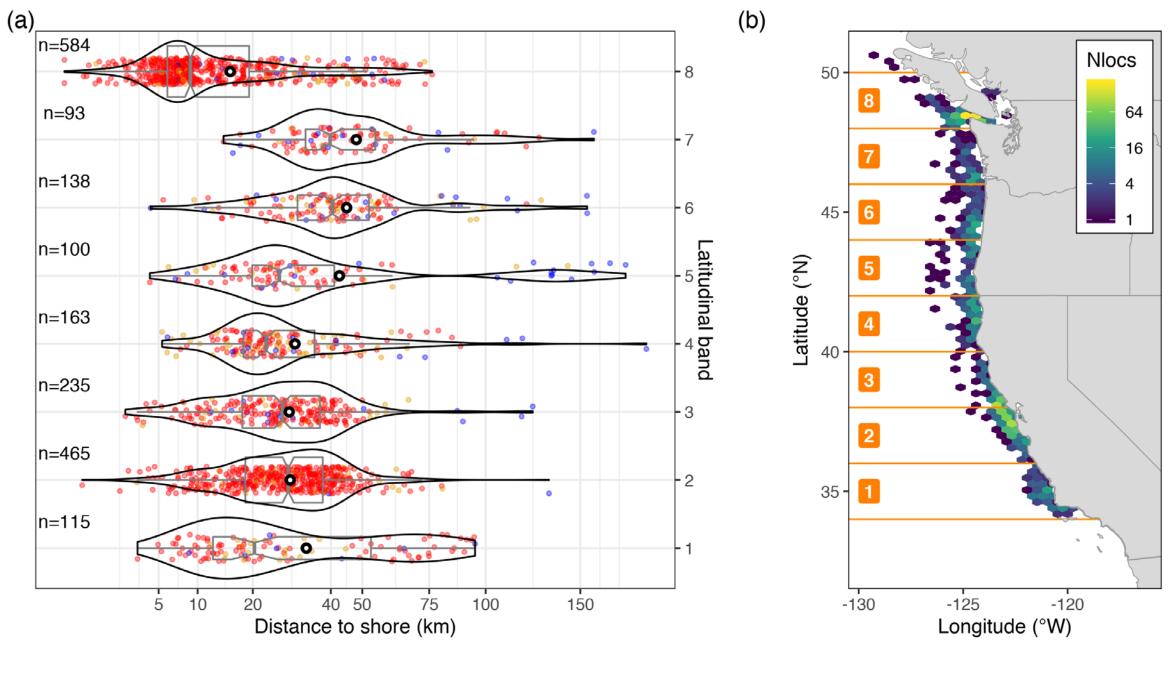
BMODE

Transiting

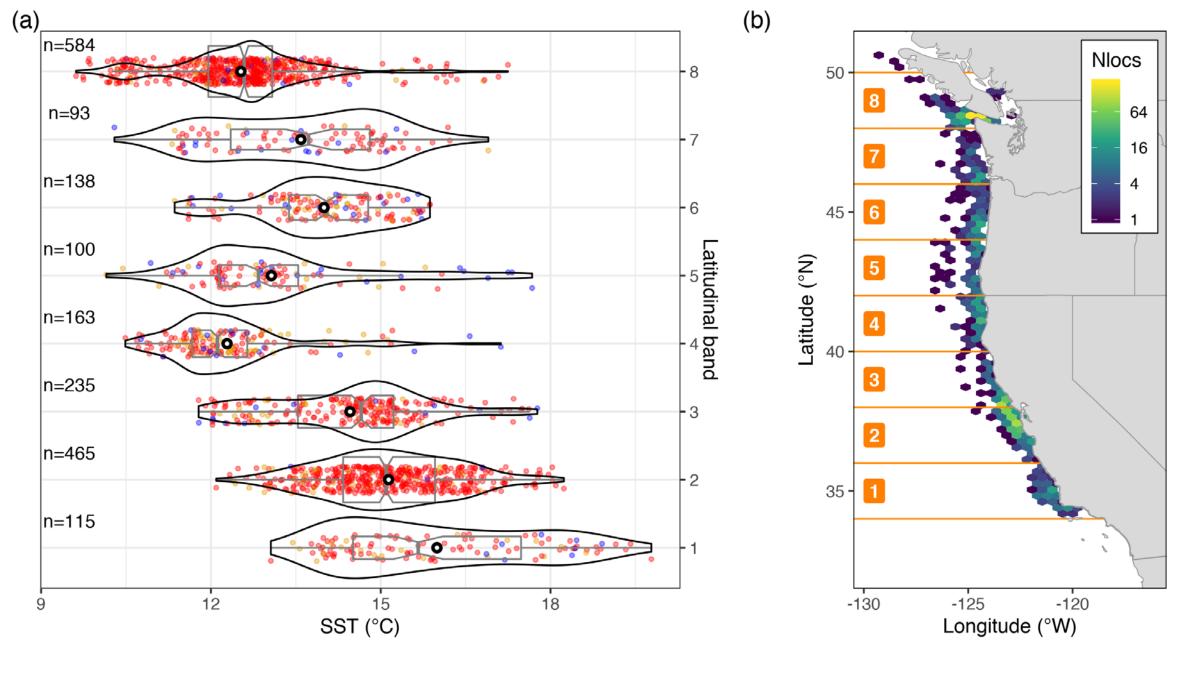
Uncertain

ARS



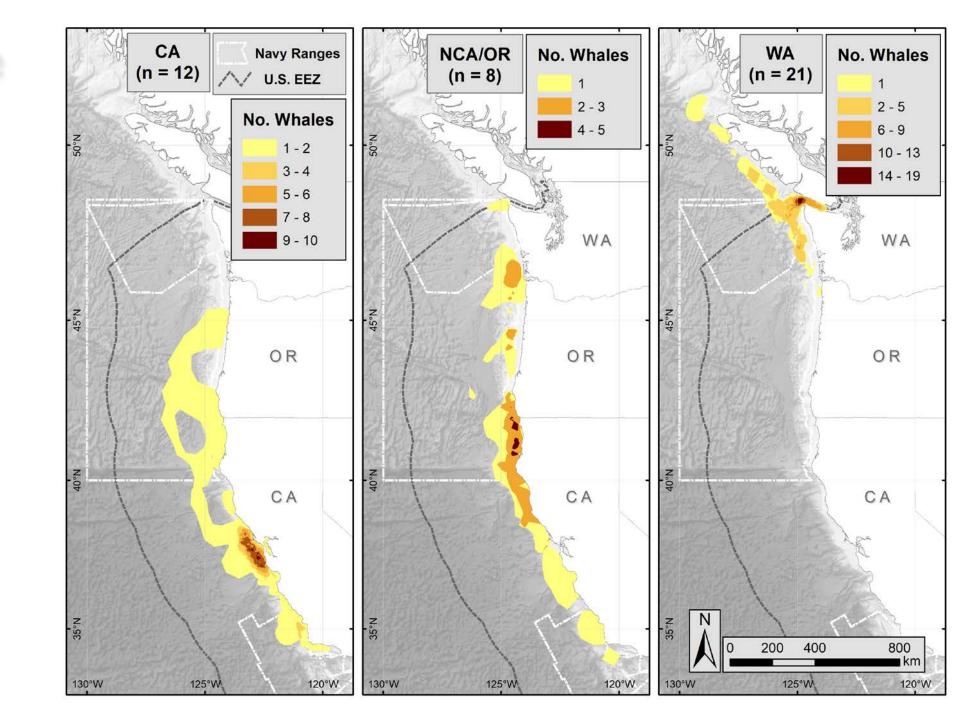


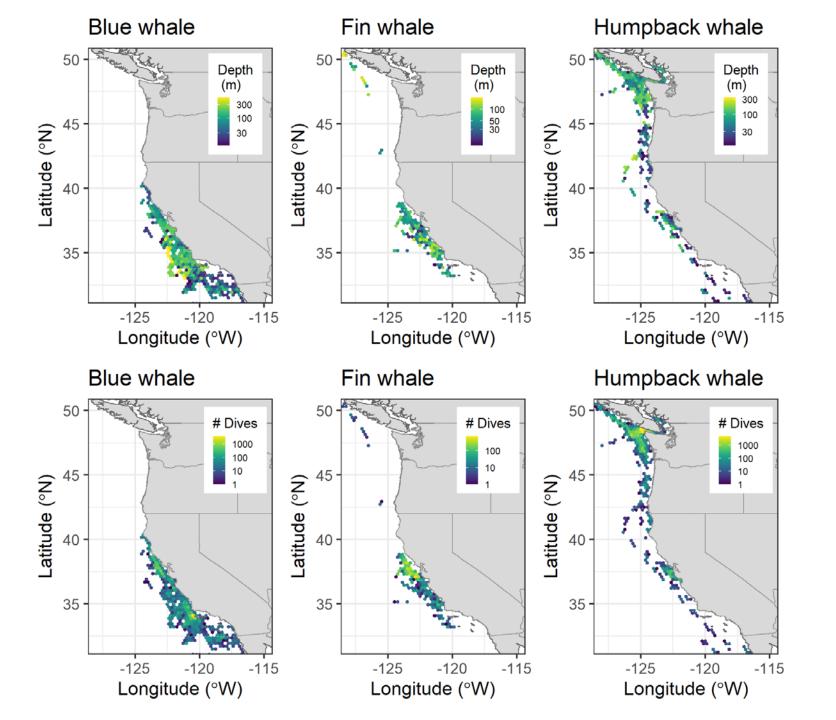
BMODE • Transiting • Uncertain • ARS



BMODE • Transiting • Uncertain • ARS

Home range overlap





Diving behavior!

1. What does your research focused on monitoring marine species help us understand?

The spatially explicit scales and patterns of movements and distribution of baleen whales off the West Coast

2. What is the scope/scale/temporal and spatial resolution?

Spatial: 10s-100s-1000s km

Temporal: daily-weekly-monthly

3. What are the limitations in what we can learn from your research or monitoring in general?

Logistical: We cannot tag all the animals all the time

Financial: Annual field tagging operations. Analysis and publication. \rightarrow Slow process

Biological: population dynamics are quite complex (DPS/subpopulations, sex differences)

4a. Can this research serve as an index of marine life migration?

Yes! Tagging data is well-suited to answer the migration question in relation to oceanographic conditions (e.g., blue and fin whales 1994-2017).

- 4b. Can this research inform the relative whale distribution during a specific time period? Yes, we have developed density SDMs from tagging data
- 5. What are the opportunities and barriers for applying this research to management?

Opportunities: Our West-Coast-wide tagging datasets present a unique opportunity to fill critical knowledge gaps.

Barriers: Funding and time – we need to analyze and publish the data so that we can make the products available.

Acknowledgments

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- OSU IACUC Permit Nos. 2284 (years 1999-2002), 2715 (2002-2005), 3158 (2005-2008), 3657 (2008-2011), 4118 (2011-2014), 4495 (2014-2016), 4884 (2016-2019), and 2019-0045 (2019-2022).
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